



# GREATEST OF ALL MIDSUMMER CLEARING SALES

## "SEES ITS FINISH" SATURDAY NEXT.

Hope Nobody Will Wake Up and Say After the Sale Is Over We Didn't Give Them Fair Warning. Stir Up Your Neighbors—Tell Them That They'll Miss Many Bargain Chances if They Miss This Sale; and Tell Them, Above All Things, That Reliable Goods Only Are Offered.

### Wash Goods at Half Price.

1,000 pieces bought for the last week of this Clearing Sale.

Here They Go.

- Lot 1—500 pieces regular 19¢ quality Printed Corded Batiste and Organdie Lawns. Go in This Sale at **5¢** Yard
- Lot 2—150 pieces regular 12½¢ fine Zephyr Gingham, beautiful patterns in pinks, blues, reds and heliotropes. Go in This Sale at **6½¢** Yard
- Lot 3—300 pieces regular 15¢ extra fine Irish Dimities, beautiful printed designs in stripes and figures, and all the newest colorings. Go in This Sale at **7½¢** Yard
- Lot 4—100 pieces regular 25¢ Printed Swiss Lawns—exquisite printed designs in pinks, light blues, reds and heliotropes. Go in This Sale at **10¢**

### A Big 50c Sale of Ladies' Gloves

With Which We Wind Up Our Midsummer Clearing Sale.

Ladies' Kid Gloves—Old lots that have accumulated the past week, undisturbed with clasps or lacing hooks, in assorted colors and black; slightly soiled by handling and some with slight imperfections that have been carefully mended; gloves when perfect and in full assortment of sizes sold up to \$1.85 pair; also old lots of 12 and 16 button lengths Mousquetaire Suede Gloves in opera shades, slightly soiled by handling, but when perfect sold at \$1.50 and \$2.25 pair. All Go This Week in Clearing Sale **50¢** Pair

Ladies' \$1.00 Chamols Gloves 50c. Pure White French Chamols Gloves—600 pairs of thin—grass bleached, finished with 2-patent clasp at wrist; all sizes, from 5½ to 7½—every pair spotlessly clean, perfect and worth \$1.00 pair. Clearing Sale **Half Dollar** Pair

### You Need Them, Ladies!

And You Can Buy Them at Half Price

This Last Week of the Clearing Sale.

White Lawn Bows—Nice clean goods and just the neckwear ladies want a good supply of right now—600 regular 5c Bows **2½¢** 600 regular 10c (many 15c) Bows for **5¢**

First Floor, Near Main Entrance on Broadway.

### A Grand Bargain Jubilee

Marks the Last Week of Our Clearing Sale in Our Popular Millinery Dept.

These are the bargains with which we propose to make this week remembered for a long time to come and crowd our millinery department with delighted purchasers.

FLOWERS, worth up to \$2.75 bunch, for **25¢**

SPLIT BRAID SAILORS, worth up to \$4.75, for **\$1.00**

CHIFFONS, worth up to \$1.25 yard, for **25¢**

FLOWERS—Fancy Foliage, Sprays of Roses, Chiffon Poppies, Chiffon and Velvet Roses, Large Silk Poppies, Pansies and Chrysanthemums, that sold at 85c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.75—your choice of the whole beautiful lot this Final Clearing Sale Week **25¢**

SPLIT BRAID SAILORS—Our entire stock in latest styles blue, white and black, silk ribbon band, satin crown tip and leather sweatband—they sold for \$1.85, \$2.25, \$2.75, \$3.25, \$3.50 and \$4.75—this last week of the Clearing Sale **\$1.00**

Any one is yours for **\$1.00**

CHIFFONS—All we have left of beautiful quality Knite Platted, Fancy and Plain Chiffons, in all opalescent shades—regular selling prices 85c, \$1.00 and \$1.25 yard. Closed out this week at **25¢** yard

### LAST OF THE GREAT REDUCTIONS IN BOYS' SUMMER CLOTHING!

AT MOST EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS!

150 Suits in crases, stripes and checks, sizes 3 to 10 years, suits worth up to \$1.25 each—Clearing Sale Price, **50¢**

200 Suits, sizes 3 to 10 years, in fancy crases and a variety of beautiful combinations, suits worth \$1.50 each—Clearing Sale Price, **85¢**

225 Suits, sizes 3 to 9 years, in imported galateas, crases and linens, suits worth up to \$3.95—Clearing Sale Price, **\$1.50**

500 Odd Coats, in striped seasonable effects, sizes 9 to 19 years, regular 50c coats—Your Choice at **25¢** Each

ONE LOT KILT WASHABLE SUITS—Plain white and fancy pique, also white duck, suits that sold for \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.50, sizes 2½ to 4 years—Your Choice at **50¢** Suit

B. Nugent & Bro. Dry Goods Co., Broadway, Washington & St. Charles St.

### Two Grand Bargains from our Muslin Underwear Dept.

Beautiful \$4.00 and \$5.00 Dresses

For Three-Year-Old Girls, Made of elegant quality Nainsook—fine hand-drawn, French style, splendidly made, clean and perfect, but only a few of them—Clearing Sale Price, **\$2.00**

Also CHILDREN'S WHITE SKIRTS—for little tots of two and three years old, all nicely trimmed; being a little soiled—prices reduced from \$1.25 to **75¢** Each

### Corsets, \$1.00 and \$1.50 50¢

Corset Bargain Plans for the Last Week of Our Midsummer Clearing Sale.

Choice of the well-known makes—C. R. F. B. and W. C. C.—quite a number of each that make up collectively a fair sized lot—medium short waist, made of very fine coutil, lace top and bottom, sizes 23, 24, 25 and 26—all perfect goods. Now, ladies, for corsets that are perfect fitting and good wearers, and worth up to \$1.50 each, at Clearing Sale **Half a Dollar**

### Another Opportunity to Buy Mattings Cheap

200 rolls China Matting that should have arrived three weeks ago, came to hand only last week—by arrangements with manufacturer we're allowed a liberal reduction on cost by reason of the delay. Our customers reap the benefit of the manufacturer's fault. If you have a room that requires matting now is your time to buy.

We shall sell 75 rolls China Matting, worth \$3.75 and \$4.50 a roll of 40 yards, at **\$2.75** Roll

We shall sell 50 rolls China Matting, worth \$3.75 a roll of 40 yards, at **\$4.00** Roll

We shall sell 75 rolls China Matting, worth \$3.75 and \$4.50 a roll, at **\$5.00** Roll

### LAST WEEK OF OUR GREAT MIDSUMMER CLEARING SALE AND YOUR LAST CHANCE TO BUY

Beautiful Foulard Silks

REGULAR \$1.00 GOODS ½ PRICE! AT ABOUT ½ PRICE!

Fine satin finish and all in the very latest printings; all 24 inches wide and in such elegant colorings as heliotrope, delft blue, dove gray, navy blue, olive, tan, black, reseda, brown, china blue. Silks that will delight good taste and will wear exceptionally well. These genuine \$1.00 Silks go in this last week of the Great Clearing Sale at **59c** yard

HOW MANY YARDS DO YOU WANT?

### BABIES' REEFERS! BABIES' CAPS! INFANTS' SLIPS!

ALL AT HALF PRICE AND LESS.

A general round-up in our Babies' Department brings to light many things that baby needs. All are a trifle soiled by handling, but there isn't one that cannot be worn several times before washing, and once laundered as good as new.

Infants' Slips that were 30c each for **10c**

Infants' Slips that were 50c and 65c for **25c**

All Our Babies' Silk and Lawn Caps, Bonnets and Hats will go as follows:

25c Hats for **13c** 50c Hats for **25c** 75c Hats for **35c**

\$1.00 Hats for **50c** \$1.50 Hats for **75c** \$2.00 Hats for **\$1.00**

Babies' Pique Reefers—Ages 1, 2 and 3 years; trimmed with embroidery:

Were **\$1.00** **\$1.50** **\$2.55** **\$4.75**

For **50c** **75c** **\$1.45** **\$2.35**

### Now for the Sacrifice of Men's Summer Shirts,

Together with Neckwear and Belts. Everything rounded up with the grim determination to close all out, no matter how great the reductions may be.

10c and 15c Madras String Ties **5c**

25c Wash Silk Ties **15c**

50c English Mercerized Silk Squares **25c**

50c and 75c Patent Leather Belts **25c**

Regular 75c and \$1.00 Oxford and Percale Shirts **50c**

Regular \$1.00 Madras Shirts, fancy stripes **67½c**

About 15 doz. regular \$1.25 Oxford Shirts **65c**

All our \$1.25 and \$1.50 Silk Puff-Bosom Shirts **75c**

Men's \$1.00 Dotted Swiss Puff-Bosom Shirts **75c**

Men's \$1.25 French Flannel Negligee Shirts **85c**

Men's \$1.25 and \$1.50 White Silk Puff-Bosom Shirts **\$1.00**

Men's \$1.75 Puffed Bosom Madras Shirts and \$1.75 White Bedford Negligee Shirts, either shirt at **\$1.25**

Ladies, insist on the men folks coming for these grand bargains. Stir them up, tell them what they'll miss by not coming, and if they won't take the trouble, come yourselves.

## TO BECOME A NUN THROUGH GRATITUDE.

Miss Mamie Virginia LePage Cured of a Malady When Prayers Were Offered.

WILL GIVE LIFE TO CHARITY.

Expects to Join Order Whose Efforts, She Believes, Brought About Recovery.

Miss Mamie Virginia LePage will within a few days depart from the home where she was born and reared to renounce the world with its pleasures, temptations and trials, and will give her services and her life, if need be, to the cause of religion in the service of suffering and unfortunate humanity. She will take her preliminary vows as a Sister of Charity of the Order of the Immaculate Word at San Antonio, Tex., within the next fortnight. Her determination to enter the sisterhood was brought about, so she, her parents and friends say, by divine intervention. Through a novena made for her by the sisters of the order, she is about to enter, a miracle was performed. A tumor, which defied the knife of skilled surgeons, passed away under the influence of the prayers of the good sisters.

Miss LePage is the 18-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. LePage of Rock road, near East St. Louis. Her father has been a successful grocery and farmer of French lineage for a number of years, and is well known in East St. Louis. Miss LePage is a handsome brunette, is highly accomplished and is a member of the Young Ladies' Society and the choir of St. Philip's Church at French Village.

About two years ago Miss LePage was afflicted with a tumor on the neck. A surgical operation was deemed necessary for its cure, and Miss LePage was sent to St. Elizabeth's Hospital, St. Venice, which is presided over by the sisters of the Precious Blood of Jesus. The operation was performed, and the young woman was discharged as cured.



MISS MAMIE LE PAGE Of French Village, Ill., who is to become a nun through gratitude for a remarkable recovery from a malady which she expected to prove fatal.

Miss LePage, a portion of the letter reads as follows: "Now, dear child, as we have done this great and wonderful act through our good Lord above in heaven, we have first claim on you. You decided that Miss LePage should become a Sister of Charity of the Immaculate Word, the head home of which is located in St. Antonio, Tex. Yesterday the young woman received word that she would be sent for in a few days, as soon as the mother superior of that institution returned from a trip to Ireland.

The point was seen by a Republic reporter yesterday afternoon, and in a few days, but with unobtrusive manner, and with an air of determination which impressed one as to her entire sincerity, she told her story.

"I have thought over the course I am about to take and have come to the conclusion that the cause of religion is greater than any of the claims my friends or relatives may have upon me, and I have, therefore, voluntarily offered myself to become an assistant to my fellow-nuns," she said. "This I can only do by entering one of the religious orders, and I have made my choice the one, the prayers of whose members caused the divine intervention in the case of the tumor. I intend leaving home on Thursday or Friday for San Antonio."

## BRYAN URGES POPULAR ELECTION OF SENATORS.

Presents Several Strong Reasons in Support of Constitutional Amendment.

Points Out the Evils of the Present Plan and the Benefits Which Would Result From a Change.

REPUBLICAN SPECIAL. New York, July 21.—The Journal tomorrow will publish the following: BY WILLIAM J. BRYAN. Brief, in his "American Commonwealth" credit to General James B. Weaver of Iowa for introducing the first resolution proposing an amendment to the Federal Constitution providing for the election of United States Senators by a direct vote of the people. The resolution was introduced in the Forty-sixth Congress, on January 21, 1881, and read as follows: "Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled (two-thirds of each house concurring therein), that the following is hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States, shall be valid to all intents and purposes as a part of the Constitution, to wit: "That so much of Section Third, Article I, of the Constitution of the United States as provides that the Senators of the United States shall be chosen by the legislatures thereof shall be amended so that the same shall read as follows: "The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, to be chosen by the vote of the qualified electors in said States respectively, and at such time as shall be determined by act of Congress."

Direct Election of Senators. If the subject was brought before Congress at an earlier date I am not aware of it. Nothing more clearly shows the growth of public opinion or more fully demonstrates the irresistible force of a good idea than the progress which this reform has made during the last eighteen years.

The Democratic House of Representatives in the Fifty-second Congress and again in the Fifty-third Congress, and finally in the Fifty-fourth Congress, have passed resolutions in support of such an amendment, but the resolution in the Senate committee. No one who has watched the trend of events can doubt that public sentiment will finally prevail. If the amendment is once submitted to the States for ratification they will make quick work of its adoption, for there is scarcely a State where there is not now an overwhelming majority in favor of this effort to bring the Government closer to the people. The Legislature of Nebraska at its recent session adopted a resolution declaring in favor of the popular election of Senators. In the State Senate the resolution was adopted without a roll call; in the House the vote stood 41 to 2—a little more than sixteen to one in favor of the proposition.

Reasons for the Change. First, popular election would make the Senator more truly the representative of the people for whom he speaks. The Democratic idea of government is that the representative reflects the sentiments of the sovereign people. That he is elected not to think for the people upon important questions, but to act for them and to carry out their thoughts, is evident from the fact that candidates for public offices are nominated upon platforms outlining the policies which the candidate is expected to support. If the public officer were chosen merely because of the superior ability, he would not be hampered by the platform, but as a matter of fact his opinion upon public questions really determine the support he receives. If, then, the Senator is the representative of the people, there is no valid reason why he should be chosen by a body of men who have no knowledge of the people. If the voters have sufficient intelligence to choose a President (for they vote for electors pledged to their favorite candidates), members of Congress, Governors, State Legislators, etc., they must be presumed to have sufficient intelligence to select United States Senators.

The argument that a Senator should be elected by the Legislature because he represents a State in its corporate capacity has no force, because the State is nothing but the people of the State, and a Senator represents a State in the same sense that a Governor does.

Second, whatever may have been the original reason for the present method of electing Senators, now conditions have made a change imperative. The corporations are now potent in their influence and are elected by the Legislature. The corporations are now so potent in their influence and are elected by the Legislature. The corporations are now so potent in their influence and are elected by the Legislature.

Utah and California the senatorial deadlock continued throughout the entire session and left the States with only one Senator each.

Efforts to break the deadlock have been made, but without success. The charge of bribery in the case of the Utah Senator has been made, but without success. The charge of bribery in the case of the Utah Senator has been made, but without success.

Occasionally a State Convention has nominated a candidate for the Senate, but this is a doubtful advantage where the opposing party fails to follow the example, because the candidate who is nominated runs against the field and has to contend with the disadvantage of being a party to his own party. The only charge against him is that he refused to pay the tax the State law imposes upon real estate dealers. The Federal Constitution expressly abolished imprisonment for debt, and since that time no man has any right to tax a man in such a case. Losing an appeal to the Supreme Court, he declared that he would submit to imprisonment rather than pay the tax. Accordingly he was sent to the Workhouse.

The friends who are now working to secure McCann's release from the Workhouse are now serving a term in the Workhouse for refusing to pay his tax as a real estate agent, while the friends of the United States Circuit Court McCann was convicted of bribery in 1898, and was sentenced to a term of one year in the State Prison for failing to take out a license as a business agent as a real estate agent and a fine was imposed. He is a single taxpayer and does not believe the State has any right to tax a man in such a case. Losing an appeal to the Supreme Court, he declared that he would submit to imprisonment rather than pay the tax. Accordingly he was sent to the Workhouse.

Today a large number of McCann's friends will go to the Workhouse to inform him of the action they propose taking in his behalf.

TELEGRAM FROM GOMPERS. He and O'Connell May Reach St. Louis Tomorrow.

President Gompers and Vice President O'Connell of the American Federation of Labor are expected to arrive in St. Louis Monday.

H. F. Blackmore, chairman of the Bus Line Committee of the Central Union, received a telegram from Gompers at Denver, Colo., yesterday stating that the Executive Board of the Federation probably would adjourn Saturday evening, and he would start at once for St. Louis with O'Connell.

They came by direction of the Executive Board of the American Federation of Labor, which adopted a resolution directing them to go to St. Louis and take steps to obtain an agreement of the street railway employees' difficulty.

AMERICAN OFFICER CHARGED. Secretary of the Hamburg Consulate Arrested.

Berlin, July 21.—A report from Hamburg says that the detective has arrested Secretary of the Hamburg Consulate, who is charged with the embezzlement of 25,000 marks.

Two American women in 1898 commissioned the consuls to collect a legacy of 25,000 marks, of which 5,000 have already been collected. The women, being unable to obtain their money, called in the local police, with the result above stated.

Thinking Food. Grape-Nuts. The... Brain Food.